IV. SUMMARY OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE OLD-AGE AND SURVIVORS INSURANCE AND DISABILITY INSURANCE TRUST FUNDS, FISCAL YEAR 1987

A. OLD-AGE AND SURVIVORS INSURANCE TRUST FUND

A statement of the income and disbursements of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund in fiscal year 1987, and of the assets of the fund at the beginning and end of the fiscal year, is presented in table 2.

TABLE 2.—STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS OF THE OASI TRUST FUND DURING FISCAL YEAR 1987 [In thousands]

Total assets, September 30, 1986	_	\$37,519,378
Receipts: Contributions: Appropriations: Employment taxes	\$192,601,710 1,652,655	
Total appropriations	194,254,366 5,324,577	
employer contributions on deemed wage credits for military service in 1987	348,391	
Gross contributions	199,927,333	
to refund	373,170	
Net contributions	66,717 3,256,000	199,554,16
Total income from taxation of benefits		3,322,71 69,39
Investment income and interest adjustments: Interest on investments	4,496, 366	
tive expenses	1,098	
Gross investment income and interest adjustments	4,497,463	
administrative expenses	2,510 625,017	
Net investment income and interest adjustments		3,869,93
Income from merger of the Northern Mariana Islands Social Security Retirement Fund with the United States Social Security program		29,43 45
Total receipts	_	206,846,09

APPENDIX F.—PROJECTED COST AS A PERCENTAGE OF GNP FOR THE OASI, DI, AND HI PROGRAMS

In this appendix, the estimated cost of the OASI, DI, and HI programs is presented as a percentage of the gross national product (GNP). While expressing estimated cost as a percentage of taxable payroll is the most useful approach for assessing the financial status of the programs, (see table 26 and Appendix E), analysis of cost as a percentage of GNP provides an additional perspective on the cost of the programs in relation to the total value of goods produced and services performed in the U.S. economy.

Table F1 presents estimated OASI, DI, and HI costs as percentages of GNP on the basis of the four alternative sets of assumptions. For the next 20 years, the combined OASI and DI cost-hereafter referred to as the OASDI cost—as a percentage of GNP is projected to decline on the basis of alternatives I, II-A, and II-B, and to remain about level on the basis of alternative III. The projected HI cost as a percentage of GNP, however, increases through 2005 under all four alternatives. The combined OASDI and HI cost as a percentage of GNP is projected, for the next 20 years, to decrease based on alternative I, to remain about level based on the intermediate sets of assumptions (alternatives II-A and II-B), and to increase based on alternative III. Between 2005 and about 2035, both the OASDI and the HI costs as percentages of GNP are projected to rise substantially based on all four alternatives because of the baby-boom generation reaching retirement age. After 2035, the HI cost as a percentage of GNP is projected to stabilize, and the OASDI cost as a percentage of GNP is projected to decline slightly or to stabilize, except under alternative III, for which OASDI cost as a percentage of GNP is projected to continue rising. The combined OASDI and HI cost as a percentage of GNP is projected, after 2035, to follow the pattern of its largest component, the OASDI cost, changing only slightly on the basis of alternatives I, II-A, and II-B, while increasing significantly on the basis of alternative III.

The combined costs of the OASDI and HI programs as percentages of GNP, based on the four alternatives, differ by a relatively large amount at the end of the long-range period (about 7.8 percentage points between alternatives I and III in 2060), while differing by a much smaller amount at the end of the medium-range period (2.6 percentage points in 2010). In addition, the combined long-range cost as a percentage of GNP varies by a relatively large amount (from 6.18 percent based on alternative I, to 10.35 percent based on alternative III), while the medium-range cost varies by a much smaller amount (from 5.36 to 6.92 percent). Summarized cost rates are calculated on the level-financing basis including the trust fund balances on January 1, 1988. (See section 5 for explanation.)

TABLE F1.—ESTIMATED COST OF THE OASI, DI, AND HI PROGRAMS AS A PERCENTAGE OF GNP BY ALTERNATIVE AND TRUST FUND, CALENDAR YEARS 1988-2062

Calendar year	OASI	DI	OASDI	- н	Total OAS and
Alternative I:		- 12			-
1988	4.18	0.46	4.64	1.13	5.
1988	4.12	.45	4.57	1.13	5.
1989			4.51	1.16	5.
1990	4.07	.44			
1991	4.02	.43	4.45	1.18	5.
1992	3.97	.42	4.40	1.20	5.
1993	3.91	.42	4.33	1.21	5.
1993	3.86	.42	4.28	1.22	5
1994			4.23	1.23	5
1995	3.81	.42			
1996	3.76	.42	4.18	1.23	5
1997	3.71	.43	4.13	1.24	5
2000	3.56	.44	4.00	1.24	5.
2005	3.40	.48	3.87	1.23	5
	3.46	.54	4.00	1.22	5
2010	3.84	.57	4.41	1.22	5
2015				1.27	. 6
2020	4.36	.58	4.94		
2025	4.75	.61	5.35	1.36	` 6
2030	4.94	.59	5.54	1.45	6
2035	4.93	.57	5.50	1.52	7
	4.77	.57	5.34	1.56	6
2040	4.63	.58	5.21	1.58	ě
2045				1.59	6
2050	4.57	.58	5.16		
2055	4.55	.58	5.13	1.61	6
2060	4.51	.57	5.09	1.63	6
Summarized rates:1			=		-
25-year: 1988-2012	3.68	.46	4.15	1.21	5
50-year: 1988-2037	4.10	.52	4.62	1.29	5
75-year: 1988-2062	4.26	.54	4.80	1.38	6
	7.20				
Alternative II-A:	4.00	.47	4.67	1.14	5
1988	4.20			1.16	5
1989	4.16	.46	4.62		
1990	4.14	.46	4.60	1.20	5
1991	4.12	.45	4.57	1.24	5
1992	4.08	.45	4.53	1.27	5
	4.04	.45	4.49	1.30	5
1993			4.45	1.33	5
1994	4.00	.45			
1995	3.97	.45	4.42	1.36	5
1996	3.93	.46	4.39	1.39	5
1997	3.89	.47	4.36	1.41	5
2000	3.78	.49	4.27	1.49	5
	3.66	.55	4.20	1.58	5
2005			4.37	1.70	ĕ
2010	3.75	.62			
2015	4.18	.67	4.85	1.85	6
2020	4.79	.69	5.48	2.08	7
2025	5.31	.72	6.03	2.35	8
	5.65	.71	6.36	2.59	ē
2030	5.76	.69	6.45	2.73	ğ
2035				2.80	9
2040	5.71	.69	6.40		
2045	5.66	.72	6.38	2.82	9
2050	5.70	.72	• 6.42	2.84	9
00FF	5.77	.72	6.48	2.86	9
2055 2060	5.80	.71	6.50	2.88	Š
Summarized rates:				4.40	-
05 1000 0010	3.88	.51	4.39	1.46	5
25-VBBC 1900-2012					
25-year: 1988-2012 50-year: 1988-2037	4.46	.60	5.06	1.86	6

TABLE F1.—ESTIMATED COST OF THE OASI, DI, AND HI PROGRAMS AS A PERCENTAGE OF GNP BY ALTERNATIVE AND TRUST FUND, CALENDAR YEARS 1988-2062 (Cont.)

Calendar year	OASI	DI	OASDI	н	Total OASD and H
					E 0.
ternative II-B:	4.22	0.47	4.70	1,15	5.84
1988	4.20	.47	4.67	1.17	5.84
1989		.46	4.69	1.22	5.9°
1990	4.22			1.26	5.99
1991	4.22	.46	4.68		5.9
1991	4.20	.46	4.66	1.29	
1992	4.17	.46	4.63	1.33	5.9
1993		.46	4.60	1.36	5.9
1994	4.14		4.57	1.39	5.9
1995	4.11	.47			5.9
1990	4.07	.47	4.55	1.43	
1996	4.04	.48	4.52	1.45	5.9
1997				1.53	5.9
2000	3.95	.50	4.45	1.64	6.0
2005	3.83	.56	4.39		6.3
2003	3.91	.64	4.55	1.76	
2010	4.34	.68	5.01	1.91	6.9
2015		.70	5.64	2.14	7.7
2020	4.95		6.19	2.41	8.6
2025	5.46	.73			9.1
2023	5.81	.71	6.52	2.64	
2030	5.91	.69	6.61	2.77	9.0
2035		.69	6.54	2.82	9.3
2040	5.85		6.48	2.83	9.3
2045	5.77	.71		2.84	9.3
2050	5.78	.71	6.49		
2050	5.82	.70	6.52	2.84	9.3
2055	5.82	.69	6.51	2.84	9.3
2060	0.00				
Summarized rates:	4.02	.52	4.55	1.50	6.0
25-year: 1988-2012		.61	5.23	1.91	7.
50-year: 1988-203/	4.62		5.61	2.18	7.
75-year: 1988-2062	4.97	.64	5.01	2.10	• • •
75-year. 1500-2002					5.5
Iternative III:	4.32	.50	4.82	1.17	
1988	4.37	.50	4.87	1.21	6.
1989		.50	4.90	1.28	6.
1990	4,40		4.99	1.34	6.
1991	4.47	.52			6.
1991	4.64	.54	5.18	1.42	
1992	4.57	.54	5.11	1.47	6.
1993		.55	5.08	1.53	6.
1994	4.53			1.60	6.
1995	4.51	. 5 5	5.06		6.
1993	4.48	.57	5.05	1.66	
1996	4.46	.58	5.04	1.72	6.
1997				1.91	6
2000	4.37	.60	4.97		
2000	4.25	.68	4.93	2.23	7
2005	4.35	.77	5.12	2.61	7.
2010			5.66	3,10	. 8
2015	4.84	.83		3.74	10
2020	5.57	.86	6.43		
2020	6.28	.91	7.18	4.44	11
2025	6.87	.90	7.77	5.03	12
2030			8.11	5.35	13
2035	7.23	.88		5.44	13
2040	7.39	.89	8.28		13
2040	7.53	.93	₽.45	5.43	
2045	7.77	.94	- 8.71	5.41	14
2050			8.96	5.39	14
2055	8.03	.93	9,13	5.37	14
2060	8.22	.90	9.13	3.57	•
Summarized rates:1		60	5.02	1.89	e
25-year: 1988-2012	4.40	.62		3.00	ē
50-year: 1988-2037	5.20	.74	5.93		
75-year: 1988-2062	5.90	.79	6.69	3.66	January I,

"Summarized rates are calculated on the level-financing basis including the value of the trust funds on January 1, 1988. (See section 5 for explanation.)

The difference between cost rates expressed as percentages of taxable payroll and those expressed as percentages of GNP can be seen by analyzing the estimated ratios of taxable payroll to GNP, which are presented in table F2. The cost as a percentage of GNP is approximately equal to the cost as a percentage of taxable payroll multiplied by the ratio of taxable payroll to GNP.

Projections of GNP for the first several years were based on assumed quarterly changes in real GNP and the GNP price deflator. Thereafter, projections of GNP were based on the projected increases in U.S. employment and labor productivity. Productivity projections are consis-

tent with assumed changes in the level of average earnings, the ratio of earnings to worker compensation, the ratio of worker compensation to GNP, and average hours worked per year.

Projections of taxable payroll, which are described in detail in Appendix A, were based on the projected increases in covered employment and average taxable earnings. Therefore, the projected increases in taxable payroll differ from projected increases in GNP primarily to the extent that average taxable earnings are assumed to increase more slowly than is productivity and to the extent that coverage of U.S. employment changes. For simplicity of presentation, table F2 is based on the projected OASDI taxable payroll even though the projected HI taxable payroll is somewhat larger because of the inclusion of the earnings of railroad employees and the more complete coverage of Federal, state, and local government employees.

TABLE F2.—RATIO OF TAXABLE PAYROLL TO GNP BY ALTERNATIVE, CALENDAR YEARS 1988-2060

Calendar year	i	II-A	II-B	111
1988	0.436	0.437	0.437	0.441
1989	.435	.435	.436	.436
1990	.433	.433	.433	.432
1991	.434	.433	.434	.433
1992	.434	.434	.433	.434
1993	.434	.434	.433	.431
1994	.435	.434	.434	.431
1995	.435	.434	.433	.432
	.435	.434	.434	.432
1996	.435	.433	.433	.432
1997	.435	.400		
2000	.436	.433	.432	.430
2005	.437	.433	.429	.425
2010	.438	.432	.426	.420
2015	.439	.430	.423	.415
2020	.439	.428	.419	.409
2025	.439	.426	.415	.403
	.439	.424	.411	.397
2030	.439	.422	.407	.391
2035	.439	420	.403	.386
2040	.439	.418	.399	.380
2045		416	.395	.375
2050	.439	.414	.391	.369
2055	.439		.388	.364
2060	.439	.412	.300	.304

The long-range trend in the ratio of taxable payroll to GNP reflects the assumed trend in the ratio of wages to total employee compensation—i.e., wages plus fringe benefits. The ratio of wages to total employee compensation declined at average annual rates of 0.37 percent for the 30 years 1957-86, and 0.32, 0.61, and 0.19 percent for the 10-year periods 1957-66, 1967-76, and 1977-86, respectively. This ratio is assumed to stop its historical decline for alternative I, but to continue to decline ultimately by 0.1, 0.2, and 0.3 percent per year for alternatives II-A, II-B, and III, respectively.

Through 2015, however, the tendency toward decreases in the ratio of taxable payroll to GNP, discussed above, is at least partially offset by the gradually expanding OASDI coverage of Federal civilian employment resulting from the 1983 amendments. The ratio is projected to decrease slightly through 1990 for each alternative. For alternative I, the ratio of taxable payroll to GNP is projected to rise slightly between 1990 and 2010, thereafter remaining about the same. For alternative II-A, the ratio is projected to stay about the same from 1990 through 2005 before

beginning to decrease. For alternatives II-B and III, the ratio of taxable payroll to GNP is projected to stay about the same between 1990 and 1997 before beginning to decrease for the remainder of the long-range period.

APPENDIX G.—LONG-RANGE ESTIMATES OF SOCIAL SECURITY TRUST FUND OPERATIONS IN DOLLARS

This appendix presents long-range estimates of the operations of the combined Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI) Trust Funds as well as projections of combined OASDI and Hospital Insurance (HI) tax income and outgo.

Long-range trust fund operations typically are not shown in dollar amounts because inflation makes such amounts noncomparable over time. Instead, relative measures which are comparable over time have been developed. Two examples of such measures are cost rates and income rates, which express the cost and income of the program as percentages of taxable payroll, as shown in table 26. Another is the trust fund ratio, which expresses the assets of the trust funds as a proportion of the outgo during a specific period of time, usually the next year, as shown in table 15. They are the year-by-year measures that have been used by Social Security program planners and legislators to evaluate the long-range actuarial status of the program and the long-range financial effect of proposed changes to the program.

Nonetheless, in view of the interest that continues to be expressed in long-range dollar values, this appendix presents long-range OASDI estimates in current dollars, together with several indices which can be used to convert current dollars into constant (1988) dollars. It should be emphasized that any comparison of recent or near-term trust fund operations to longer-term current-dollar estimates which do not reflect the very considerable effects of inflation—especially for a period extending 75 years into the future—would be very misleading.

Table G1 shows estimated operations of the combined OASI and DI Trust Funds—that is, income excluding interest, interest, total income, total outgo, and assets at the end of the year. These items are defined in footnotes to the table. The estimates are based on four sets of economic and demographic assumptions identified as alternatives I, II-A, II-B, and III, which are described in detail earlier in this report. The estimates of all these financial items are shown in current dollars.

A major consideration in converting current dollars to constant dollars is the selection of the index of conversion. Price indices adjust for the effects of price inflation. The price index used in this appendix is the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W, hereinafter referred to as "CPI"), which is published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor. The CPI was chosen mainly because it is used to determine automatic increases in OASDI benefits.

Wage indices adjust for the combined effects of price inflation and real-wage growth. The particular wage index presented in this appendix is the "SSA average wage index," as defined in section 215(i)(1)(G) of the Social Security Act. This index is used to adjust many of the Social Security program amounts that are subject to automatic adjustment (such as the contribution and benefit base).

Payroll indices adjust for the effects of changes in the number of workers as well as for the effect of price inflation and real-earnings growth. This note presents the OASDI taxable payroll, which consists of all earnings subject to OASDI contribution rates, adjusted to include deemed wages based on military service and to reflect the lower effective contribution rates (compared to the combined employee-employer rate) which apply to multiple-employer "excess wages."

Also shown are values of the gross national product (GNP). In addition to reflecting all of the effects of the three types of indices discussed above—price, wage, and payroll indices—the GNP values also reflect the effects of other changes in the national economy. The values of the Implicit Price Deflator for the Gross National Product, based on the projected values shown for the GNP, are similar to the values shown for the CPI.

The application of an interest rate is another way of converting dollar values through time. The selection of an interest rate can be based on many types of investments, such as those by individuals, groups, or the Social Security trust funds. The particular series of interest-rate factors presented in this appendix is based on the average of the assumed annual interest rates for special public-debt obligations issuable to the trust funds in the 12 months of the year, under each alternative.

The CPI, after several years of varying increases, is assumed to increase annually at rates of 2.0, 3.0, 4.0, and 5.0 percent for alternatives I, II-A, II-B, and III, respectively. Similarly, the average annual wage is assumed to increase by 4.4, 4.9, 5.4, and 5.9 percent. After the first few years, no explicit assumption is made about GNP growth; rather, estimates thereof are based on the complex interaction of many economic and demographic variables. Similarly, the estimates of payroll growth are based on the interaction of many economic and demographic variables. Appendix A of this report includes a more complete discussion of the payroll estimates. The ultimate annual interest rates are assumed to be nominal rates, compounded semiannually, of approximately 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, and 6.5 percent, for alternatives I, II-A, II-B, and III, respectively. These assumptions are the result of the compound effect of the ultimate annual increases assumed for the CPI (2.0, 3.0, 4.0, and 5.0 percent) with the respective ultimate real interest rates assumed (effective annual rates of 3.0, 2.5, 2.0, and 1.5 percent).

TABLE G1.—ESTIMATED OPERATIONS OF OASI AND DI TRUST FUNDS BY ALTERNATIVE, CALENDAR YEARS 1988-2065
[In billions]

		(In Dillions)			
	Income,				
Calendar year	excluding interest	Interest	Total income ¹	Total outgo	Assets end of year
Alternative I:	-11."			7.1	
1988	\$256.0	\$8.0	\$264.1	\$221.9	\$110.
1989	272.7	11.8	284.5	233.6	161.
1990	296.8	16.4	313.2	246.5	228.
1991	317.1	21.4	338.5	259.2	307.
1992	336.0	26.6	362.7	259.2 270.9	399.
1993	355.0	31.8	386.8	281.9	504
1994	374.3	36.7	411.0	292.9	622
1995	393.5	41.7	435.2	304.3	753.
1996	413.7	47.5	461.2	316.2	898.
1997	434.3	54.3	488.6	328.8	1,058
2000	509.1	79.9	589.1	370.6	1,653.
2005	658.9	144.5	803.4	461.3	3,101 5,238 8,038
2010	842.2	246.4	1,088.6	605.3	5.238
2015	1,067.1	381.3	1,448.4	840.4	8.038
2015	1,344.1	543.4	1,887.5	1,179.8	11,381.
2025	1,693.0	730.8	2,423.8	1,604.3	15,243
2030	2,142.3	952.6	3 094 9	2,094.5	19,838
	2,718.4	1,234.5	3,094.9 3,952.8	2 639 5	25,715
2035	2,710.4		5,502.0	2,638.5 3,248.7	33,710
2040	3,446.4	1,616.3	5,062.8 6,511.2	4,022.3	44,736
2045	4,367.9	2,143.3	0,311.2		44,730
2050	5,542.5	2,859.0	8,401.5	5,051.0	59,682
2055	7,047.2	3,817.1	10,864.4	6,387.9	79,681
2060	8,970.3	5,099.2	14,069.4 18,232.5	8,070.4	106,444 142,343
2065	11,413.6	6,818.9	18,232.5	10,187.1	142,343
Alternative II-A:					
1988	255.4	8.0	263.4	222.4	109
1989	271.3	11.8	283.1	235.0	157.
1990	295.6	16.4	312.0	250.1	219.
1991	315.5	21.5	337.0	264.8	292.
1992	335.4	26.8	362.2	278.4	375.
1993	355.2	32.1	387.3	292.5	470.
1994	375.8	37.5	413.4	307.1	576.
1995	397.4	43.2	440.6	322.4	695.
1996	420.3	49.4	469.7	338.4	826
1997	443.9	56.4	500.2	355.4	971.
100,	7.70.0				
2000	526.3	81.2	607.5	411.0	1,507.
2005	694.1	143.5	837.6	531.2	2,803.
2010	903.8	243.5	1,147.2	718.5	4,710.
2015	1,163.5	371.9	1,535.4	1,023.2	7,127
2020	1,484.6	513.5	1,998.1	1,472.9	9,754
2025	1,889.0	649.9	2,538.9	2,060.8	12,261.
2030	2,407.2	768.3	3,175.5	2,772.8	14,424 16,222 17,774
2035	3,070.9	866.6	3,937.6	3,601.8	16.222
2040	3,908.0	950.9	4,858.8	4,566.9	17 774
2045	4,962.7	1,016.1	5,976.8	5,800.5	18,945
2050	6,298.7	1,027.4	7,326.0	7,445.0	19,042
		924.7	8,929.1	0.505.0	16,928
2055	8,004.5		10,822.8	9,585.8 12,280.1	10,920.
2060 2065	10,181.7 12,948.1	641.1 94.7	13,042.8	15,654.7	11,360 784
	·				
Iternative II-B: 1988	254.7	8.0	262.7	222.4	109.
1989	269.6	11.7	281.4	235.9	154.
1990	293.3	16.3	309.5	252.2	211.
	312.4	21.4	333.8	268.6	277.
1991 1992	333.4	26.8	360.3	285.2	352
1992			388.2		
1993	355.7	32.5		302.2	438.
1994	379.0	38.5	417.4	319.8	535.
1995	403.2	44.8	447.9	338.3	645.
1996	429.3	51.6	480.8	357.8	768.
1997	456.3	58.9	515.2	378.6	905.
2000	547.9	83.6	631.5	446.8	1,409.
2005	739.9	146.4	886.3	595.1	2,632.
2010	987.4	250.5	1,237.9	825.8	4,460.
2015	1,302.6	383.7	1,686.3	1,203.7	6,763.
	1,703.0	523.2	2,226.2	1,775.4	9,124.
2020	2,220.3	636.7	2,857.0	2,549.4	10.996
2020			2,007.0	2,570.7	10,550.
2025		6020	3 540 /	31 224 2	3 1 H/2 7
2025	2,898.7	692.0	3,590.7	3,524.5	11,837.
2025 2030 2035	2,898.7 3,788.2	664.4	4,452.6	4,703.2	11,240.
2025 2030 2035 2040	2,898.7 3,788.2 4,937.8	664.4 532.8	4,452.6 5,470.6	4,703.2 6,121.7	11,240.4 8,840.4
2025 2030 2035	2,898.7 3,788.2	664.4	4,452.6	4,703.2	11,837. 11,240. 8,840. 3,799.

TABLE G1.—ESTIMATED OPERATIONS OF OASI AND DI TRUST FUNDS BY ALTERNATIVE, CALENDAR YEARS 1988-2065 (Cont.)

Income, Assets at Total Total excluding end of year outgo: income¹ Interest interest Calendar year \$105.2 139.6 Alternative III: \$223.1 \$259.5 \$7.9 11.1 \$251.6 238.8 259.1 1988. 273.1 302.1 262.0 182.6 1989 14.9 19.6 287.1 282.0 228.0 327.5 345.8 1990 307.8 268.6 305.3 326.7 1991..... 23.7 322.1 346.7 316.1 371.3 374.3 27.6 31.5 349.4 373.1 398.2 1993 404 6 373.1 436.2 1994..... 35.6 400.6 505.6 469.2 429.3 AN O 584.0 425.1 1996..... 44.4 503.4 1997..... 872.0 510.1 58.0 615.5 860.7 557.5 1,559.0 697.3 991.4 2000..... 93.4 767.3 2,528.9 2005..... 1,196.3 1,042.8 153.5 3,392.2 1,478.4 2010..... 210.1 1.607.2 1,397.1 2,058.7 2,235.9 2015..... 208.1 1,850.6 3,309.2 586.5 2,494.6 2020..... 58.2 (*) 2025..... (3) (°)

'Total income consists of contributions, income from taxation of benefits, reimbursements from the general fund of the Treasury for the costs associated with special monthly payments to certain uninsured persons who attained age 72 before 1968 and also have fewer than 3 quarters of coverage, and interest income.

*Total outgo consists of benefit payments, administrative expenses, net transfers from the OASI and DI Trust Funds to the Railroad Retirement program under the financial-interchange provisions, payments for vocational rehabilitation total outgo consists of benefit payments, administrative expenses, net transfers from the UASI and DI Trust Funds to the Railroad Retirement program under the financial-interchange provisions, payments for vocational rehabilitation services for disabled beneficiaries, and special monthly payments to certain uninsured persons who either attained age 72 before 1968 or who attained age 72 after 1967 and have at least 3 quarters of coverage for each year after 1966 and before the year of attainment of age 72.

*The combined OASI and DI Trust Funds are estimated to be exhausted in 2048, under alternative II-B, and in 2026, under alternative III.

Table G2 shows these economic variables or functions thereof. The form of these tables is similar to that of the tables on trust fund operations, in order to facilitate constant-dollar calculations that may be of interest to economists and financial analysts. It is left to the individual analyst to decide which index to use to accomplish his or her particular purpose.

TABLE G2.—SELECTED ECONOMIC VARIABLES BY ALTERNATIVE, CALENDAR YEARS 1988-2065 [GNP and taxable payroll in billions]

Calendar year	Adjusted CPI ¹	SSA average wage index ²	Taxable payroll ¹	Gross national product	Compound interest-rate factor
				£4.700	1.0000
Iternative I:	100.00	\$18,835	\$2,086	\$4,780	1.085
1988	103.20	19.849	2,225	5,112	1.172
1989	106.32	20,925	2,369	5,470	1.257
1990	109.18	21,978	2,526	5,824	
1991		22,971	2.676	6,161	1.338
1992	111.57	23,958	2.826	6,504	1.414
1993	113.79		2,979	6,850	1.484
1994	116.07	24,972	3,132	7.200	1.555
1995	118.39	26,009	3,291	7,568	1.632
1996	120.76	27,085	3,457	7.954	1.715
1997	123.17	28,213	3,457	7,004	
1997				9,275	1.989
	130.71	32,104	4,041		2.545
2000	144.32	39,816	5,207	11,907	3.258
2005	159.34		6,633	15,133	4.170
2010	175.92		8,367	19,065	
2015			10,482	23,887	5.33
2020	194.23		13,146	29,960	6.83
2025	214.45		16.594	37,820	8.74
2030	236.77		21,045	47,968	11,192
2035	261.41		26,701	60.862	14.32
2040	288.62	179,712	33,863	77,188	18.33
2045	318.66	222,884		97,963	23,46
	351.83	276,428	42,976	124,558	30.03
2050	388.44	342,834	54,642	158,568	38.44
2055	428.87		69,561		49.21
2060	473.5		88,525	201,800	43.21

TABLE G2.—SELECTED ECONOMIC VARIABLES BY ALTERNATIVE, CALENDAR YEARS 1988-2065 (Cont.) [GNP and taxable payroll in billions]

Calendar year	Adjusted CPI ¹	SSA average wage index ³	Taxable payroll ³	Gross national product	Compound interest-rate factor
Alternative II-A:	100.00	\$18,664	\$2,079	\$4,759	1.0000
1988		19,684	2,214	5.087	1.089
1989	103.94		2.356	5,444	1.182
1990	107.73	20,757		5.798	1.276
1991	111.16	21,813	2,513	6.153	1.368
1992	114.50	22,886	2,670		1.456
1993	117.93	23,984	2,826	6,515	
1994	121.47	25,143	2,990	6,895	1.543
1995	125.11	26,343	3,162	7,291	1.632
	128.86	27,595	3.342	7,709	1.725
1996	132.73	28,916	3,531	8,151	1.824
1997	132.73	20,310	5,05.	,	
2000	145.04	33,378	4,171	9,628	2.146 2.815
2005	168.14	42,397	5,472	12,641	3.692
2010	194.92	53,853	7,095	16,432	
2015	225.96	68,405	9,085	21,117	4.843
2020	261.95	86,890	11,517	26,899	6.352
	303.67	110,368	14.569	34,195	8.331
2025	352.04	140,192	18,492	43,613	10.927
2030		178,074	23.545	55,800	14.333
2035	408.11		29,951	71,326	18.799
2040	473.11	226,192	38.019	90,980	24.657
2045	548.47	287,313			32.341
2050	635.83	364,949	48,207	115,915	42.418
2055	737,10	463,564	61,196	147,861	
2060	854.50	588.826	77,789	188,858	55.637
2065	990.60	747,936	98,893	241,255	72.974
Alternative II-B:	100.00	18,611	2,072	4,736	1.000
1988		19.607	2,199	5.048	1.092
1989	104.52	20.638	2,333	5.382	1.192
1990	109.06		2,488	5,734	1.29
1991	113.61	21,736		6,123	1.39
1992	118.20	22,944	2,654		1.50
1993	122.92	24,208	2,830	6,532	
1994	127.84	25,530	3,015	6,954	1.61
1995	132.95	26,914	3,207	7,399	1.71
1995	138.27	28,368	3,413	7,873	1.83
1996	143.80	29,901	3,630	8,376	1.94
		05.044	4,339	10,048	2.32
2000	161.76	35,011		13,563	3.12
2005	196.80	45,541	5,824		4.19
2010	239.44	59,239	7,736	18,147	
2015	291.31	77,057	10,149	24,006	5.63
2020	354.43	100,234	13,177	31,473	7.56
	431.22		17.074	41,178	10.16
2025	524.64	169,598	22,195	54,048	13.65
2030		220,609	28,946	71,169	18.33
2035	638.30		37,7,13	93,621	24.63
2040	776.59	286,963		122,907	33.09
2045	944.85		49,035		44.44
2050	1,149.55	485,548	63,691	161,184	59.70
2055	1,398.60	631,590	82,806	211,584	
£000	1,701,61	821,558	107,817	278,154	80.20 107.73
2060			140,396	365,702	

TABLE G2.—SELECTED ECONOMIC VARIABLES BY ALTERNATIVE, CALENDAR YEARS 1988-2065 (Cont.) [GNP and taxable payroll in billions]

\$2,042 2,136 2,282 2,448 2,558	Gross national product \$4,632 4,901 5,287 5,652	Compound interest-rate factor 1.0000 1.0995 1.21462
2,136 2,282 2,448	4,901 5,287 5,652	1.0995 1.2154
2,136 2,282 2,448	4,901 5,287 5,652	1.0995 1.2154
2,282 2,448	5,287 5,652	1.2154
2,448	5,652	
		1.3462
2.558		
	5,891	1.4804
2,757		1.6148
2,963	6,878	1.7468
3.183	7,372	1.882
	7.891	2.021
	8.439	2.161
0,0.0	-,	
4 404	10.254	2,616
		3.597
		4.945
		6.800
		9.349
		12.854
		17.674
		24.300
		33.411
		45.938
69,098		63.161
89,281		86.841
115,520	317,170	119.399
149,556	416,566	164.164
	2,757 2,963 3,183 3,408 3,646 4,404 6,018 8,133 10,823 14,213 18,556 24,211 31,628 41,213 69,098 89,281 115,520	2,757 6,397 2,963 6,878 3,183 7,372 3,408 7,891 3,646 8,439 4,404 10,254 6,018 14,154 8,133 19,359 10,823 26,102 14,213 34,778 18,556 46,063 24,211 60,974 31,628 80,810 41,213 106,826 53,453 140,563 69,098 184,334 89,281 241,630 115,520 317,170

'The CPI used to adjust OASDI benefits is the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W), as defined by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor. The values shown are adjusted by dividing the average of the 12 monthly values of the CPI by the analogous value for 1988, and multiplying the result by 100, thereby initializing the CPI at 100 for 1988.

The following table shows the tax income and outgo estimated based on the four alternatives for the OASDI, HI, and combined OASDI and HI programs. These items are defined in the footnotes to the table.

The "SSA average wage index" is defined in section 215(i)(1)(G) of the Social Security Act; it is used in the calculations of initial benefits and the automatic adjustment of the contribution and benefit base and other wage-indexed program amounts.

Taxable payroll consists of total earnings subject to OASDI contribution rates, adjusted to include deemed wages based on military service and to reflect the lower effective contribution rates (compared to the combined employee-employer rate) which apply to multiple-employer "excess wages."

s 'The compound interest-rate factor is based on the average of the assumed annual interest rates for special public-debt obligations issuable to the trust funds in the 12 months of the year, under each alternative. Each can be used to convert dollar values between July 1, 1988, and July 1 of the year shown.

TABLE G3.—ESTIMATED OASDI, HI, AND COMBINED OASDI AND HI TAX INCOME AND OUTGO BY ALTERNATIVE,
CALENDAR YEARS 1988-2060
[In billions]

2,000	2:0	[In billi			0.00	
	OAS	DI	. HI		OASDI a	ind Hi
Calendar year	Tax income ¹	Outgo ²	Tax income ^a	Outgo+	Tax income	Outgo
Alternative I:						
1988	\$256.0	\$221.9	\$62.8	\$ 54.1	\$318.8	\$276.0
1989	272.7	233.6	67.0	58.0	339.6	291.6
1990	296.8	246.5	71.3	63.7	368.1	310.3
1991	317.0	259.2	76.0	68.9	393.0	328.0
1992	336.0	270.9	80.5	73.7	416.5	344.6
1993	355.0	281.9	85.0	78.6	440.0	360.4
1994	374.3	292.9	89.6	83.5	463.9	376.3
1995	393.5	304.3	94.2	88.4	487.7	392.7
1996	413.7	316.2	98.9	93.3	512.7	409.5
1997	434.3	328.8	103.9	98.3	538.2	427.1
2000	509.1	370.6	121.5	115.3	630.7	485.9
2005	658.9	461.3	156.9	146.4	815.8	607.7
2010	842.2	605.3	200.6	184.6	1,042.8	789.9
2015	1,067.1	840.4	253.3	232.9	1,320.4	1,073.4
2020	1,344.1	1,179.8	317.3	304.1	1,661.4	1,483.9
2025	1,693.0	1,604.3	397.9	408.6	2,090.9	2,012.9
2030	2,142.3	2,094.5	502.2	549.0	2,644.5	2,643.5
2035	2,718.4	2,638.5	636.9	726.8	3,355.3	3,365.2
2040	3,446.4	3,248.7	808.1	947.4	4,254.5	4,196.1
2045	4,367.9	4,022.3	1,024.9	1,217.1	5,392.7	5,239.4
2050	5,542.5	5,051.0	1,300.7	1,561.2	6,843.2	6,612.3
2055	7,047.2	6,387.9	1,653.7	2,007.3	8,701.0	8,395.2
2060	8,970.3	8,070.4	2,105.3	2,584.4	11,075.5	10,654.8
Iternative II-A:						
1988	255.4	222.4	62.6	54.3	318.0	276.7
1989	271.3	235.0	66.6	58.8	338.0	293.9
1990	295.6	250.1	70.9	65.5	366.5	315.6
1991	315.5	264.8	75.6	71.7	391.1	336.5
1992	335.3	278.4	80.3	78.0	415.6	356.4
1993	355.2	292.5	85.0	84.7	440.2	377.2
1994	375.8	307.1	89.9	91.8	465.7	398.9
1995	397.4	322.4	95.0	99.3	492.4	421.6
1996	420.3	338.4	100.4	107.2	520.7	445.6
1997	443.8	355.4	106.1	115.3	549.9	470.7
2000	526.3	411.0	125.3	143.2	651.7	554.2
2005	694.1	531.2	164.7	200.3	858.8	731.4
2010	903.8	718.5	214.3	278.6	1,118.1	997.1
2015	1,163.5	1,023.2	274.7	390.1	1,438.2	1,413,3
2020	1.484.6	1,472.9	348.2	558.9	1,832.8	2,031.8
2025	1,889.0	2,060.8	440.5	803.6	2,329.4	2,864.4
2030	2,407.2	2.772.8	559.0	1,128.5	2,966.2	3,901.3
2030 2035	3,070.9	3,601.8	711.8	1,525.7	3,782.7	5,127.5
2040	3,908.0	4,566.9	905.5	1,997.3	4,813.4	6,564.2
2045	4,962.7	5,800.5	1.149.4	2.568.3	6,112.1	8,368.8
2050	6,298.7	7,445.0	1,457.3	3,293.1	7,756.0	10,738.1
2055	8,004.5	9,585.8	1,850.0	4,227.0	9.854.5	13,812.8
2060	10,181.7	12,280.1	2,351.6	5,435.5	12,533.3	17,715.6
ternative II-8:						
1988	254.7	222.4	62.4	54.3	317.1	276.7
1989	269.6	235.9	66.2	58.9	335.8	294.8
1990	293.2	252.2	70.2	65.7	363.5	317.9
1991	312.4	268.6	74.8	72.3	387.2	340.9
1992	333.4	285.2	79.8	79.2	413.3	364.4
1993	355.7	302.2	85.1	86.7	440.8	388.8
1994	379.0	319.8	90.6	94.7	469.6	414.5
1995	403.2	338.3	96.4	103.2	499.5	441.5
1996	429.2	357.8	102.5	112.3	531.8	470.1
1997	456.3	378.6	109.0	121.6	565.4	500.2
2000	547.9	446.8	130.5	154.1	678.4	600.9
2005	739.9	595.1	175.5	222.4	915.4	817.6
2010	987.4	825.8	233.9	319.3	1,221,3	1,145.1
2015	1,302.6	1,203.7	306.8	458.7	1,609.4	1,662.4
			398.3	673.0		
2020	1,703.0	1,775.4		991.2	2,101.3	2,448.4
2025	2,220.3	2,549.4	516.1		2,736.3	3,540.6
2030	2,898.7	3,524.5	670.8	1,424.9	3,569.5	4,949.4
2035	3,788.2	4,703.2	874.8	1,972.6	4,663.0	6,675.7
2040	4,937.8	6,121.7	1,139.8	2,643.9	6,077.6	8,765.6
2045	6,422.5	7,966.8	1,481.9	3,481.5	7,904.4	11,448.3
0050	8,349.7	10,465.0	1,924.8	4,571.1	10,274.5	15,036.1
2050	0,0.70.7					
2055 2060	10,867.1 14,159.3	13,797.0 18,109.0	2,502.5 3,258.3	6,008.5 7,913.1	13,369.6 17,417.6	19,805.5

TABLE G3.—ESTIMATED OASDI, HI, AND COMBINED OASDI AND HI TAX INCOME AND OUTGO BY ALTERNATIVE. CALENDAR YEARS 1988-2060 (Cont.) [In billions]

CALENDA	[In billior	ıs]				
OASDI		н		OASDI and HI		
Tax income ^s	Outgo*	Tax incomes	Outgo*	Tax income	Outgo	
\$251.5 262.0 287.1 307.8 322.1 346.7 373.1 400.6 429.3 459.0	\$223.1 238.8 259.1 282.0 305.3 326.7 349.4 373.1 398.2 425.1	\$61.5 64.3 68.7 73.7 77.0 82.9 89.0 95.6 102.3 109.4	\$54.2 59.3 67.6 75.8 83.8 93.8 105.2 117.6 131.0 145.2	\$313.1 326.3 355.8 381.4 399.1 429.6 462.1 496.2 531.6 568.4	\$277.3 298.2 326.7 357.8 389.1 420.5 454.6 490.7 529.1 570.3	
557.5 767.3 1,042.8 1,397.1 1,850.6 2,436.3 3,201.5 4,202.8 5,493.7 7,146.7 9,273.2 12,029.0	510.1 697.3 991.4 1.478.4 2.235.9 3.309.2 4.736.3 6.551.8 8.843.0 11.884.5 16.049.7 21.651.8	132.2 180.8 245.1 326.9 429.2 560.3 731.0 954.9 1,244.2 1,613.7 2,085.9 2,695.1	196.2 315.8 505.2 809.9 1,301.3 2,047.2 3,068.1 4,327.2 5,806.4 7,627.0 9,965.6 13,018.5	689.7 948.1 1,288.0 1,724.0 2,279.8 2,996.6 3,932.5 5,157.7 6,737.9 8,760.4 11,359.1 14,724.1 19,099.7	706.3 1,013.1 1,496.5 2,288.3 3,537.2 5,356.5 7,804.4 10,879.0 14,649.1 19,511.9 26,015.0 34,670.3	
	OASOI Tax income¹ \$251.5 262.0 267.1 307.8 322.1 346.7 373.1 400.6 429.3 459.0 557.5 767.3 1.042.8 1.397.1 1.850.6 2.436.3 3.201.5 4.202.8 5.493.7 7,146.7 9,273.2	Tax income¹ Outgo² \$251.5 \$223.1 262.0 238.8 287.1 259.1 307.8 282.0 322.1 305.3 346.7 326.7 373.1 349.4 400.6 373.1 429.3 398.2 459.0 425.1 557.5 510.1 767.3 697.3 1,042.8 991.4 1,997.1 1,478.4 1,850.6 2,235.9 2,436.3 3,309.2 2,3201.5 4,736.3 4,202.8 6,551.8 5,549.3 8,843.0 7,146.7 11,884.5 9,273.2 16,049.7 12,029.0 21,651.8	Tax Tax	Tax Tax	Tax Tax Tax Income Tax Tax Income Tax Tax Income Tax Tax Income Tax Tax Income Tax T	

OASDI tax income consists of net OASDI contributions and income from taxation of benefits, on a cash basis.

^{**}OASDI tax income consists of net OASDI contributions and income from taxation of benefits, on a cash basis.

**OASDI outgo consists of benefit payments, administrative expenses, net transfers from the OASI and DI Trust Funds to the Railroad Retirement program under the financial-interchange provisions, payments for vocational rehabilitation services for disabled beneficiaries, and special monthly payments to certain uninsured persons who either attained age 72 services for who attained age 72 after 1967 and have at least 3 quarters of coverage for each year after 1966 and before before 1968 or who attained age 72. The OASDI outgo is on a cash basis.

HI tax income consists of HI contributions (including contributions from railroad employment) and payments from the HI tax income consists of HI contributions on deemed wage credits for military service. The HI income is on an agencial fund of the Treasury for contributions on deemed wage credits for military service.

incurred basis. *HI outgo consists of HI outlays for insured beneficiaries and administrative expenses. The HI outgo is on an incurred basis.

APPENDIX H,-STATEMENT OF ACTUARIAL OPINION

It is my opinion that (1) the techniques and methodology used herein to evaluate the financial and actuarial status of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance and Disability Insurance Trust Funds are generally accepted within the actuarial profession; and (2) the assumptions used and the resulting actuarial estimates are, in the aggregate, reasonable for the purpose of evaluating the financial and actuarial status of the trust funds, taking into consideration the experience and expectations of the program.

Harry C. Ballantyne

HARRY C. BALLANTYNE,

Associate of the Society of Actuaries.

Member of the American Academy of Actuaries,
Chief Actuary, Social Security Administration